

Articles of a Treaty between the United States of America and the Delawares Shawanoes, Ojibwas, Miamies, Eel River, Weas, Kickapoos, Piankashaws and Kaskaskias Nations of Indians.

Articles of a Treaty made at Fort Wayne on the Miami of the Lake, between William Henry Harrison, Governor of the Indiana Territory, Superintendent of Indian Affairs and Commissioner Plenipotentiary of the United States for concluding any Treaty or Treaties which may be found necessary with any of the Indian Tribes North west of the Ohio of the one part, and the Tribes of Indians called the Delawares, Shawanoes, Ojibwas, Miamies and Kickapoos by their chiefs and head warriors, and those of the Eel River, Weas, Piankashaws and Kaskaskias by their Agents and Representatives Tuthinipee, Winnemac, Richerville and Little Turtle (who are properly authorized by the said Tribes) of the other part.

Article 1st Whereas it is declared by the 14th article of the Treaty of Greenville that the United States reserve for their use the Post of St. Vincennes and all the lands adjacent to which the Indian Titles had been extinguished: And whereas it has been found difficult to determine the precise limits of the said Tract as held by the French and British Governments, It is hereby agreed, that the boundaries of the said Tract, shall be as follow: Beginning at Point Coupee on the Wabash and running thence by a line north seventy eight degrees, west twelve miles, thence by a line parallel to the general course of the Wabash, until it shall be intersected by a line at right angles to the same, passing through the mouth of White River, thence by the last mentioned line across the Wabash and towards the Ohio seventy two miles, thence by a line north twelve degrees, west until it shall be intersected by a line at right angles to the same passing through Point Coupee, and by the last mentioned line to the place of beginning.

Article 2^d The United States hereby relinquish all claims which they may have had to any lands adjoining to or in the neighborhood of the Tract above described.

Article 3^d As a mark of their Regard and Attachment to the United States, whom they acknowledge to be their only friends and protectors, and for the consideration herein after mentioned, the said Tribes do hereby relinquish and cede to the United States the great salt spring upon the saline creek which falls into the Ohio below the mouth of the Wabash, with a quantity of Land surrounding it, not exceeding four miles square, and which may be laid off in a square or oblong, — — as the one or the other may be found most convenient to the United States.

And the said United States being desirous that the Indian Tribes should participate in the benefits to be derived from the said spring, hereby engage, to deliver yearly and every year for the use of the said Indians a quantity of salt not exceeding one hundred and fifty Bushels and which shall be divided among the several Tribes in such manner as the General Council of the Chiefs may determine.

Article 4th For the considerations before mentioned and for the convenience which the said Tribes will themselves derive from such establishments it is hereby agreed that as soon as the Tribes called the Kickapoos, Eel River Weas, Piankashaws and Kaskaskias shall give their consent to the measure, the United States shall have the right of locating three Tracts of Land of such size as may be agreed upon with the last mentioned Tribes on the main road between Vincennes and Kaskaskias, and one other between Vincennes and Clarksville, for the purpose of erecting Houses of entertainment for the accommodation of Travellers — But it is expressly understood that if the said Locations are made on any of the Rivers which cross the said road and Ferries should be established on the same, that in times of high water any Indian or Indians belonging to either of the Tribes who are parties to this Treaty shall have the privilege of crossing such ferry toll free.

Article 5th Whereas there is reason to believe that if the boundary lines of the Tract described in the first article should be run in the manner therein directed that some of the settlements and locations of land made by the Citizens of the United States will fall in the Indian Country — It is hereby agreed that such settlements shall be made in the direction of the lines as will include them, and a quantity of Land equal in quantity to what may be thus taken shall be given to the said Tribes either at the east or the west end of the Tract.

In Testimony whereof the Commissioner of the United States, and the chiefs and Warriors of the Delawares, Shawanoes, Ojibwas, Miamies and Kickapoos, and those of the Eel River Weas, Piankashaws and Kaskaskias, by their Agents and representatives Tuthinipee, Winnemac, Richerville and the Little Turtle, who are properly authorized by the said Tribes, have hereunto subscribed their names and affixed their seals at Fort Wayne this seventh Day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand Eight hundred and three, and of the Independence of the United States the Twenty seventh.

Miamies
Richerville
his mark +

Me-she-kun-nog-quon
(or Little Turtle)
his mark +

Kickapoos

Nah-mah-to-hah (or standing)
his mark +

Pash-she-we, hak (or cat)
his mark +

Willth Henry Harrison

Shawanoes

Neaknemsickeh, his mark +
Ojibwas

Tuthinipee
his mark +

Winnemac
his mark +

Richerville
his mark +

Nannangsea or first messenger
his mark +

Kee-paas (or sun)
his mark +

Tetabuxiko
his mark +

Bu-kon-ge-hela
his mark +

Hockinghmskeno
his mark +

Neckkawhanun
his mark +

Shawanoes

Cut-he, we-ha-saw
or black hog
his mark +

Me-kawnasice
his mark +

Signed sealed and delivered
in the presence of

J. Rice Jones Secretary to the Commission
H. Gibson Secretary Indiana Territory

Thos. Pastour, Capt. 1st Regt. Infy.

William Wells, interpreter

W. H. H. H. H.

U.S. Factor

Hendrick Aupau mut Chief of the Huron

Thos. Freeman

The proceedings at the within Treaty were faithfully interpreted by us John
Gibson and William Wells, that is, for the Delawares John Gibson, and for the
rest of the Tribes, William Wells

H. Gibson

William Wells

(38)



do 45

1883

Thomas Jefferson, President of the United States of America.

To all and Singular, to whom these presents shall come, Greeting:—

Whereas a certain Treaty between the United States and the Delawares, Shawanoes, Putawatamies, Miamies, Eel River, Weas, Kickapoos, Piankashaws and Kaskaskias Nations of Indians, was concluded and signed at Fort Wayne on the Miami of the Lake, on the Seventh day of June last past, which Treaty is as follows:—

Articles of a Treaty between the United States of America and the Delawares.....
Shawanoes, Putawatamies, Miamies, El River, Weas, Kickapoos, Piankashaws and Mashashias
Nations of Indians.

Articles of a Treaty made at Fort Wayne, on the Miami of the Lake, between
William Henry Harrison, Governor of the Indiana Territory, Superintendent of Indian Affairs, and
Commissioner Plenipotentiary of the United States, for concluding any Treaty, or Treaties, which may be found
necessary, with any of the Indian Tribes - Forth Rest of the Ohio, of the one part; and the Tribes of Indians
called the Delawares, Shawanoes, Putawatamies, Miamies, and Kickapoos, by their Chiefs, and head Warriors
and those of the El River, Weas, Piankashaws, and Mashashias, by their Agents and Representatives, Sashimac,
Nimmac, Richerville, and Little Turtle; [who are properly authorised by the said Tribes] of the other part.

Article 1.st Whereas it is declared by the 14.th Article of the Treaty of Greenville, that the United States reserve
for their use, the Post of St. Vincennes, and all the lands adjacent, to which the Indian Titles had been extinguished.
And whereas it has been found difficult, to determine the precise limits of the said Tract, as held by the French
and British Governments. It is hereby agreed, that the boundaries of the said Tract shall be as follow....
Beginning at Point Coupee on the Kabash, and running thence by a line North, seventy eight Degrees, West
Twelve Miles; thence by a line, parallel to the general course of the Kabash, untill it shall be intersected by a
line at right Angles, to the same passing through the mouth of White River, ^{thence by the last mentioned line, across the Kabash, and towards the Ohio seventy two miles,} thence by a line North, twelve degrees
West, untill it shall be intersected by a line at right Angles to the same, passing through Point Coupee, and by the
last mentioned line, to the place of beginning.

Article 2.^d The United States, hereby relinquish all claim, which they may have had, to any lands adjoin-
ing to, or, in the Neighbourhood, of the Tract above described.

Article 3.^d As a mark of their Regard, and Attachment, to the United States, whom they acknowledge for
their only friends and protectors, and for the consideration herein after mentioned, the said Tribes do hereby
relinquish, and cede to the United States, the Great Salt Spring, upon the Saline Creek, which falls into
the Ohio, below the Mouth of the Kabash, with a quantity of Land surrounding it, not exceeding Four Miles square,
and which may be laid off, in a Square or Oblong, as the one, or the other, may be found most convenient to
the United States. And the said United States being desirous, that the Indian Tribes should
participate in the benefits to be derived from the said Spring, hereby engage to deliver Yearly, and every
Year, for the Use of the said Indians, a quantity of Salt not exceeding One Hundred and Fifty Bushels;
and which shall be divided among the several Tribes, in such manner as the General Council of the Chiefs
may determine.

Article 4.th For the considerations before mentioned, and for the convenience which the said Tribes will
themselves derive, from such establishments, it is hereby agreed, that as soon as the Tribes called the Kickapoos,
El River, Weas, Piankashaws, and Mashashias shall give their consent to the Measure, the United States
shall have the right of locating three Tracts of Land, [of such size as may be agreed upon with the last mentioned
Tribes] on the main road, between Vincennes, and Mashashias, and one other, between Vincennes and Clarksville
for the purpose of erecting Houses of Entertainment, for the Accommodation of Travellers. But it is expressly
understood, that if the said Locations are made on any of the Rivers which cross the said Road, and Ferries
should be established on the same, that in times of High Water any Indian, or Indians, belonging to either of the
Tribes who are parties to this Treaty, shall have the Privilege of crossing such Ferry toll free.

Article 5.th Whereas there is reason to believe, that if the Boundary Lines of the Tract, described in the first
article, should be run in the manner therein directed, that some of the Settlements and Locations of Land, made by
the

The Citizens of the United States, will fall in the Indian Country. — It is hereby agreed, that such Alterations shall be made in the direction of these Lines, as will include them, and a quantity of Land equal in quantity to what may be thus taken, shall be given to the said Tribes, either at the last or the West end of the Tract.

In Testimony whereof, the Commissioners of the United States and the Chiefs and Warriors of the... (Delawares, Shawanoes, Potawatamies, Miami's, and Kickapoos, and those of the Red River, Weas, Piankashaws, and Kaskaskias by their Agents and Representatives: Sathinipoo, Wimmemac, Richenville, and the Little Turtle, who are properly Authorized by the said Tribes) have hereunto subscribed their names, and affixed their Seals, at Fort Wayne this Seventh Day of June in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Three and of the Independence of the United States the Twenty Seventh.

		Delawares	
	Willm Henry Harrison	Seal	Sabawitee his Mark
		Seal	
		Shawanoes	
	Sathnemsicoh his Mark X	Seal	Bu-hen-go-helas X his Mark
		Seal	
Miami's		Potawatamies	
Richenville	In behalf of the Red River Weas Piankashaws Kaskaskias whom they represent.	Sathinipoo his Mark X	Shockingponshenn his Mark
Me-she-hun-noph-gish or Little Turtle his Mark X		Seal	
		Wimmemac his Mark X	Seal
Kickapoos		Seal	
Sah-mah-to-hah [or Standing] his Mark X		Seal	
		Shawanoes	
Pash-she-we-hah [or Cat] his Mark X		Seal	U-the-we-ha-saw or Black hoof X his Mark
		Seal	
		Seal	Me-shaw-na-sicce his Mark
		Seal	

Signed Sealed and delivered
in the presence of

J^r Rice Jones Secretary to the Commissioner
J^r Gibson Secretary Indiana Territory
Thos Pasteur Cap^t 1st Regt Infy
Wm Wells Interpreter
J^r Johnston
U. S. Factor
Hendrick Aupamut Chief of Metcheson
Thos Freeman

The Proceedings at the within Treats were faithfully interpreted by us John Gibson and William Wells, that is, for the Delawares John Gibson and for the rest of the Tribes William Wells.

John Gibson
William Wells

Was Office October 15th 1803.
A true copy.
J. Wingate Sur. C. C.

Now be it known, That I Thomas Jefferson, President of the United States of America, having seen and considered the said Treaty, do by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof, accept, ratify and confirm the same and every clause and Article thereof.

In Testimony whereof, I have caused the Seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed, and Signed the same with my Hand. Done at the City of Washington, the Twenty fifth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and three, and of the Independence of the United States, the Twenty Eighth.

J. Jefferson

By the President.

James Madison Secretary of State.



(Copy)

1803.

Treaty with the Delawares,
Shawanoes, Pottawatomies,
Miami, Del River, Weas,
Kickapoo, Piankashaws, and
Pankashias.

Dated June 7. 1803

Ratified Nov. 25. 1803

Platified Treaty

7 June 1803



In Senate of the United States.

Nov. 16th 1808.

The Senate took into consideration the Treaty made with the Indian tribes called the Delawares, Shawanoes, Potawatamies, Miamis, Et river, Weas, Kickapoos, Piankashaws, and Kaskaskias;

Whereupon,

Resolved, unanimously, that the Senate do advise and consent to the ratification of the treaty made at Fort Wayne, on the seventh day of June last, between the United States and the tribes of Indians called the Delawares, Shawanese, Potawatamies, Miamies, Et. River, Weas, Kickapoos, Piankashaws, and Kaskaskias, —

Attest,

Sam A. Otis Secretary



Resolution of the Senate approv-
ing the treaty with the Delawares
Shawanoes, Putawatomis, Miami
Eel River, Weas, Kickapoo, Pian-
kappa and Kaskaskia Indians.
of the 7 June 1803.

By the President of the United States of America
A Proclamation.

Whereas a Treaty between the United States of America, and the Delawares, Shawanoes, Putawatimies, Miamies, Eel River, Weas, Kickapoos, Piankashaws and Kaskaskias Nations of Indians, was concluded and signed on the Seventh day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and three, and was duly ratified and confirmed by the President of the United States on the Twenty fifth day of November in the year aforesaid, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, which Treaty is in the words following, to wit:

Articles of a Treaty between the United States of America and the Delawares, Shawanoes, Putawatimies, Miamies, Eel River, Weas, Kickapoos, Piankashaws and Kaskaskias Nations of Indians.

Articles of a Treaty made at Fort Wayne on the Miami of the Lake between William Henry Harrison, Governor of the Indiana Territory, Superintendant of Indian affairs and Commissioner Plenipotentiary of the United States for concluding any Treaty or Treaties which may be found necessary with any of the Indian Tribes Northwest of the Ohio of the one part and the Tribes of Indians called the Delawares, Shawanoes, Putawatimies, Miamies and Kickapoos by their Chiefs and head Warriors, and those of the Eel River, Weas, Piankashaws and Kaskaskias by their Agents and Representatives Tuthinpee, Winnemac, Richewille and Little Turtle (who are properly authorized by the said Tribes) of the other part.

Article Ist Whereas it is declared by the 11th Article of the Treaty of Greenville that the United States reserve for their use the Post of St. Vincennes and all the lands adjacent to which, the Indian Titles had been extinguished. And whereas it has been found difficult to determine the precise limits of the said Tract as held by the French and British Governments: It is hereby agreed, that the boundary of the said Tract shall be as follow: Beginning at Point Coupee on the Wabash, and running thence by a line north seventy eight

eight, ^{degrees} West twelve Miles, thence by a line parallel to the general course of the Wabash, until it shall be intersected by a line at right angles to the same, passing through the Mouth of White River, Thence by the last mentioned line across the Wabash and towards the Ohio, seventy two miles, thence by a line North twelve degrees, West until it shall be intersected by a line at right angles to the same, passing through Point Coupee, and by the last mentioned line to the place of Beginning:

Article 2^d - The United States hereby relinquish all claim which they may have had to any Lands adjoining to or in the neighborhood of the Tract above described.

Article 3^d - As a mark of their regard and attachment to the United States, whom they acknowledge for their only friends and protectors, and for the consideration hereinafter mentioned, the said Tribes do hereby relinquish and cede to the United States, the great Salt Spring upon the Saline Creek which falls into the Ohio below the mouth of ^{the} Wabash, with a quantity of Land surrounding it, not exceeding four miles square, and which may be laid off in a square or oblong as the one or the other may be found most convenient to the United States: And the said United States being desirous that the Indian Tribes should participate in the benefits to be derived from the said Spring, hereby engage, to deliver yearly and every year for the use of the said Indians a quantity of Salt not exceeding one hundred and fifty Bushels, and which shall be divided among the several Tribes in such manner as the General Council of the Chiefs may determine.

Article 4th - For the considerations before mentioned and for the convenience which the said Tribes will themselves derive from such ~~such~~ establishments it is hereby agreed that as soon as the Tribes called the Kickapoos, Eel River, Weeas, Piankashaw and Kaskaskias shall give their consent to the measure, the United States shall have the right of locating three Tracts of Land (of such size as may be agreed upon with the last mentioned Tribes) on the main road between Vincennes and Kaskaskias, and one other between Vincennes and Clarksville for the purpose of erecting Houses of entertainment for the accommodation of Travellers. But it is expressly understood that if the said locations are made on any of the Rivers, which cross the said roads and Ferries should be established on the same, that

that in times of high water any Indian or Indians belonging to either of the Tribes who are parties to the Treaty shall have the privileges of crossing such ferry toll free.

Article 5th - Whereas there is reason to believe that if the boundary lines of the Tract described in the first article should be run in the manners therein directed, that some of the settlements and locations of lands made by the Citizens of the United States will fall in the Indian Country - It is hereby agreed that such alterations shall be made in the direction of these lines as will include them; and a quantity of land equal in quantity to what may be thus taken shall be given to the said Tribes either at the East or the West end of the Tract.

In Testimony whereof the Commissioner of the United States and the Chiefs and Warriors of the Delawares, Shawanoes, & Putawatimies, Miamies and Kickapoos and those of the Eel River, Weas, Piankashaws and Kaskaskias, by their Agents and Representatives, Tuthinnee, Winnemac, Richewille and the Little Turtle, who are properly authorized by the said Tribes have herunto subscribed their names & affixed their Seals at Fort Wayne, this Seventh day of June in the year of Lord one thousand eight hundred and three, and of the Independence of the United States, the Twenty (Seventh).

Will^m Henry Harrison

Wannangra or five medals
Lee - Laas (or Lum)

Miamies.

Richewille

Me-she-Run-nogh
quoh (or Little Turtle)

Kickapoos

Nahmah-tohah
(or Standing)

Pash, she, we, hab
(or bat) - -

Shawanoes

Neahnemsicah

Putawatimies

Tuthinnee

Winnemac

On behalf of
themselves & Eel River
Weas, Pianka-
shaws and Kas-
kaskias whom
they represent.

Delawares

Teta boxike

Bu Kon-ge kelag

Hockingpomsken

Reckkawhanund

Shawanoese

Euthe, We, Ka, saw
or black hoop

Methawmasic

Signed

Signed Sealed and Delivered in the presence of
M^r. Rice Jones, Secretary to the Commissioner.
M^r. Gibson, Secretary Indiana Territory.
Thos. Pasteur, Cap^t. 1st Reg^t. Inf^y.
William Wells Interpreter.
M^r. Johnston U.S. Factor
Hendrick Aupaumut, Chief of Muhhecon
Thos. Freeman.

The proceedings at the within Treaty were faithfully interpreted by us
John Gibson and William Wells, that is, for the Delawares, John Gibson,
and for the rest of the Tribes William Wells.

M^r. Gibson
William Wells.

NOW therefore to the End that the said Treaty may be observed
and performed with good faith on the part of the United States, I have
caused the premises to be made public, and I do hereby enjoin and require
all persons bearing Office, civil or Military, within the United States, and
others, Citizens or Inhabitants thereof, or being within the same, faith-
fully to observe and fulfill the said Treaty, and every clause and
article thereof.

In Testimony whereof I have caused the Seal
of the United States to be affixed to these presents, and
signed the same with my hand.

DONE at the City Washington the Twenty
Sixth day of December in the year of our Lord One
thousand eight hundred and three, and of the Indepen-
dence of the said States, the Twenty Eighth.

By the President.

J. Jefferson

James Madison Secretary of State

1803

Proclamation

Dec. 26. 1803.